# CONSTRUCTIVE GEOMETRY EXAMINATION TOPICS

#### **Analytic geometry**

Point: coordinates in E<sub>2</sub>, E<sub>3</sub>; distance between two points.

Vector: given by two points, coordinates in E<sub>2</sub>, E<sub>3</sub>. Dot product, cross product, mixed product and applications of these products.

Straight line: parametric, slope, intercept and general equation; mutual position between point and straight line, two straight lines.

Plane: parametric, intercept and general equation; mutual position between point and plane, straight line and plane, two planes.

Conic sections: definition, formula, sketching, construction of ellipse by means of osculation circles.

Quadratic surfaces: formula, characteristics, sketching in technical isometry.

# Monge projection

Definition of Monge projection.

True length of straight line segment; basic geometric planar shape (circle, triangle, square, ...) in projecting plane; basic geometric solid (sphere, cylinder of revolution, cone of revolution, torus) in special position.

## **Technical isometry**

Definition of isometry and technical isometry.

Construction of the solid given by technical drawing in technical isometry.

## **Kinematic geometry**

Motion given by trajectories or envelopes: construction of new position of moving point, line or circle; construction of tangent line to the trajectory of moving point or point of contact between moving line or circle and its envelope; trajectory of moving point and envelope of moving line or circle sketching; construction of instantaneous centre of rotation; construction of instantaneous centres of rotation of moving centrode, centrodes sketching.

## Cyclic motion: definition of cyclic motion;

construction of new position of moving point, line or circle; construction of tangent line to the trajectory of moving point or point of contact between moving line or circle and its envelope; trajectory of moving point and envelope of moving line or circle sketching. General position of moving figure with respect to the moving system.

# Surfaces of revolution and their intersection

Surfaces of revolution: definition;

construction of missing view of point; construction of tangent plane and normal line at the point on surface of revolution; construction of intersection between surface of revolution and projecting plane; principal meridian construction.

Intersection: theoretical principle and procedure of construction of intersection between two surfaces of revolution with parallel and intersecting axes; condition for decomposition of the intersection between two quadrics of revolution and intersection curve construction.

#### **Developable surfaces**

Definition of the developable surface and condition for developing of the surface.

Construction of developing: of the cylinder and cone of revolution, of the oblique cone, of two quadrics (cylinders or cones) of revolution with decomposed intersection.

#### Helix, helicoidal surfaces

Definition of the helix and helicidal surface.

Construction of the helix in Monge projection.

Construction of principal meridian of helicoidal surface.